Gluten-containing foods and ingredients to avoid

Ale Fu Panko Atta Graham Flour Rye Barley Hydrolyzed Wheat Protein Self-rising Flour Kamut Seitan Beer Brewer's Yeast Semolina Lager **Bromated Flour** Malt Spelt Malt Extract Bulgur Triticale Couscous Malt Syrup Wheat Cracked Wheat Malt Flavoring Wheat Bran Dinkel (Spelt) Malt Vinegar Wheat Flour Malted Milk Wheat Germ Durum Einkorn Matzoh Wheat Starch Matzoh Meal White Flour



Oats/Oatmeal

Modified Wheat Starch

Emmer

Farina

Farro or Faro

Hot Dogs

Ice Cream

Imitation Bacon

Other foods and products that may contain gluten

Bouillon Cubes Imitation Seafood (Surimi) Salad Dressing Breading and Coating Mixes Laxatives Sauces Broth Lotions Sausage Over-the-Counter Seasoning Mixes Brown Rice Syrup Candy Medications Self-basting Poultry Cereal Products Non-Dairy Creamers Soup Bases Communion Wafers Marinades Soy Sauce Cosmetics Mouthwash Stuffing, Dressing Cream **Nutritional Supplements** Thickeners Pastas Croutons Toothpaste Flavored Instant Coffee Vegetables in Sauce Playdough Flour **Prescription Drugs** Vitamin and Mineral Gravies Processed Deli Meats Supplements Herbal Supplements Rice and Soy Beverages

Rice Mixes

Rice Paper

Root Beer

GLUTEN-FREE RESOURCES

National Institutes of Health. Celiac Awareness Campaign www.celiac.nih.gov

Gluten Intolerance Group

www.gluten.net

Celiac Sprue Association www.csaceliacs.org

North American Society for Pediatric Gastroenterology, Hepatology and Nutrition http://www.naspghan.org/

Living Gluten Free for Dummies by Danna Korn

The Gluten Free Gourmet by Bette Hagman

Gluten Free Diet: A Comprehensive Resource Guide by Shelley Case

Gluten-Free Living Magazine www.glutenfreeliving.com

Living Without Magazine www.LivingWithout.com

Delight Gluten Free Magazine http://delightglutenfree.com/

The Essential Gluten-Free Grocery Guide, The Essential Gluten-Free Restaurant Guide, Gluten-Free Dining Cards

www.triumphdining.com

Toast-It! Bags www.celinalfoods.com/toastitbags.php





Visit our website for more information on a gluten-free lifestyle at giantfood.com



According to the National Institutes of Health, 3 million Americans have celiac disease. Celiac disease is an immune disorder in which gluten damages the lining of the small intestine. Symptoms may include digestive problems such as diarrhea and bloating as well as fatigue, joint pain, depression, anemia, low bone density and weight gain or loss.

The only treatment for celiac disease is a lifelong gluten-free diet. The good news is that this way of eating helps to heal the small intestine and alleviate symptoms.

What is gluten?

Gluten is a mixture of proteins found in wheat, barley and rye as well as hybrids of these grains such as spelt, triticale or kamut. Some people with celiac disease also can't tolerate the proteins in oats.

Who should follow a gluten-free diet?

Your physician can order testing to determine if you have celiac disease and need to follow a gluten-free diet. Eliminating gluten is also useful for gluten intolerance and, with reported success, in conditions such as autism and ADHD.

Following a strict gluten-free diet when not medically prescribed poses a significant risk for inadequate intake of folic acid, B vitamins, iron, calcium, vitamin D and fiber. If you have both celiac disease and diabetes, be aware that gluten-free breads, pasta and snacks may not have the same amount of carbohydrate as regular products. A registered dietitian/nutritionist can help you identify gluten-free foods and plan a nutritionally balanced gluten-free diet.

How to find gluten-free foods

There are plenty of naturally gluten-free foods that will provide the nutrients you need to stay healthy. The best way to stay gluten-free is to choose fresh foods and cook from scratch as much as possible.

Coming Soon! Gluten-Free Shelf Tags

Look for our new GLUTEN-FREE logo on product shelf tags throughout the store!



Gluten-free Shopping List

eat, Fish and Poultry	Fruits	Grains and Starches	Condiments and Spices
Fresh or frozen (plain)	☐ Fresh, canned or frozen (plain)	Amaranth grains and flour	☐ Gluten-free barbecue sauce
Gluten-free deli meats	☐ Dried fruits	☐ Arrowroot starch	☐ Black pepper
		☐ Bean flours	□ Onion powder
egumes	Bread, Cereal, Pasta, Snacks	■ Buckwheat groats	☐ Garlic powder, fresh garlic
Canned or dry beans: kidney, black,	☐ Gluten-free bread, bagels,	☐ Corn	☐ Honey, molasses
soy, etc.	buns, pizza crust	☐ Cornstarch	☐ Jam, jelly, marmalade
Gluten-free canned baked beans	☐ Gluten-free frozen breads, waffles,	☐ Cornmeal	☐ Ketchup, plain mustard, relish
Lentils, split peas	muffins, cakes	☐ Flax seeds or Flax seed meal	☐ Gluten-free pizza and pasta sau
	☐ Amaranth, buckwheat, corn,	☐ Mesquite flour	☐ Gluten-free salsa
uts and Seeds	millet, quinoa, rice, soy cereal	☐ Gluten-Free Millet	☐ Gluten-free soy sauce
Almonds, peanuts, pecans, walnuts	☐ Gluten-free corn flakes	☐ Montina flour	☐ Sugar: brown, white
Pumpkin, sesame, sunflower seeds	☐ Gluten-free crisp rice	☐ Nut flours: almond, hazelnut, pecan	■ Vanilla
Nut butters: peanut, almond, cashew	☐ Cream of buckwheat or rice,	☐ Potato flour and starch	☐ Vinegar (except malt vinegar)
	cornmeal	☐ Quinoa grains and flour	
its and Oils	☐ Gluten-free pasta: corn, potato,	☐ Rice: brown, wild, white	Miscellaneous
Butter or margarine	quinoa, rice, soy	☐ Rice bran and rice polish	■ Baking soda
Vegetable oil: canola, olive, etc.	☐ Gluten-free crackers	☐ Rice flour: brown, white	☐ Gelatin
Gluten-free salad dressings	☐ Gluten-free plain or flavored	□ Sago	☐ Gluten-free baking powder
	rice cakes	☐ Sorghum flour	☐ Gluten-free bread/muffin mix
airy	☐ Gluten-free oatmeal, if tolerated	☐ Soy flour	☐ Gluten-free pancake/waffle mix
Milk: whole, 2%, 1% or skim		☐ Sweet potato flour	☐ Gluten-free puddings
Milk powder	Vegetables	☐ Tapioca (cassava, manioc)	☐ Gluten-free soups
Yogurt	☐ Fresh, canned or frozen (plain)	☐ Teff	☐ Guar gum
Cheese	☐ Tomato paste	☐ Yucca	■ Xanthan gum
Eggs	☐ Canned tomatoes		

Helpful hints for going gluten-free

- Always read the label. It's very important to read every label every time.
- Recipes, distributors or ingredient sources can change. If in doubt, go without. Don't eat a food if there is no ingredient list or if you are not sure whether the ingredients are gluten-free. If you're unsure of the ingredients, call the food manufacturer for more information.
- Wheat-free is not necessarily gluten-free. "Wheat-free" products may contain rye, barley, spelt or other gluten-containing grains or gluten may be hidden in ingredients. Some grains that are naturally gluten-free, such as oats or millet, may be cross-contaminated with gluten during growing, harvesting or processing. Look for the words "gluten-free" on the package to be safe.

- Avoid cross-contamination from gluten-containing foods.
 - Avoid buying products from bulk bins.
 - Store all gluten-free products in separate, covered containers with labels.
 - Use a separate cutting board for gluten-free foods and prepare foods in an area away from gluten-containing ingredients.
 - Buy separate containers of peanut butter and jam for gluten-free users. Have a separate butter dish. Use squeeze bottles of condiments.
 - Keep a second toaster, use a toaster oven with a removable rack that can be washed or try Toast-It! Bags (see Gluten-Free Resources).